

# NATIONAL POLICE COMMISSION NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS PHILIPPINE NATIONAL POLICE OFFICE OF THE CHIEF, PNP

Camp BGen Rafael T Crame, Quezon City

JAN 2 5 2024

DPCR (IORC3) 231005-310

## MEMORANDUM CIRCULAR

NO:

2024-006

## Revitalized-Pulis Sa Barangay (R-PSB)

#### 1. REFERENCES:

- a. Republic Act (RA) No. 6975 dated December 13, 1990, "Department of Interior and Local Government Act of 1990" as amended;
- b. RA No. 11479 dated July 3, 2020, "The Anti-Terrorism Act of 2020";
- c. Executive Order (EO) No. 37, s. 2023 dated August 10, 2023, "Approving and Adopting the National Security Policy 2023-2028";
- d. EO No. 70, s. 2018 dated December 4, 2018, "Institutionalizing the Whole-of-Nation Approach in Attaining Inclusive and Sustainable Peace, Creating a National Task Force (NTF-ELCAC), and Directing the Adoption of a National Peace Framework";
- e. EO No. 546, s.2006 dated July 14, 2006, "Directing the Philippine National Police to undertake active support to the Armed Forces of the Philippines in Internal Security Operations for the Suppression of Insurgency and other Serious Threats to National Security, Amending Certain Provisions of Executive Order No. 110 Series of 1999 and for other purposes";
- f. DILG Memorandum Circular (MC) No. 2023-046 dated March 17, 2023, "Enhanced Guidelines on the Retooled Community Support Program";
- g. DILG Joint MC No. 01 s. 2021 dated September 22, 2023, "Implementing Guidelines on the Provision of DILG-administered Package of Assistance for Former Rebels (FRs) and Former Violent Extremists (FVEs) under the Enhanced Comprehensive Local Integration Program (ECLIP);
- h. DILG MC No. 2023-025, Guidelines on the implementation on Buhay Ingatan, Droga'y Ayawan (BIDA) Program dated February 10, 2023;
- i. NAPOLCOM MC No. 2015-342, "Community and Service-Oriented Policing (CSOP) System";
- j. PNP Internal Security Operations Campaign Plan "KATARUNGAN" 2023-2028:
- k. PNP MC No. 2019-046 dated August 6, 2019 with subject: "Police Community Affairs and Development Master Plan "TAGATAGUYOD";
- I. PNP MC No. 2017-021 dated March 8, 2017 with subject: "Enhanced Operational Concept of the Managing Police Operations (EMPO)";
- m. PNP MC 2015-009 dated April 30, 2015 with subject: "BARANGAYANIHAN (Revitalized Barangay Peacekeeping Operations)";



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PLTCOL LUISITO C ANDAY JR
Admin Officer

Page 1 of 18

n. PNP Command Memorandum Circular No. 27-2019 dated August 22, 2019, "Operationalization on the Executive Order No. 70 NTF-ELCAC".

## 2. RATIONALE:

This MC is conceptualized to revitalize the active support of the Philippine National Police (PNP) to the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP) in Internal Security Operations (ISO) for the suppression of insurgency and other serious threats to national security. It is also to prepare the PNP for the turnover of ISO from the AFP through the implementation of the program *Revitalized*-Pulis sa Barangay (R-PSB) with the mission to sustain the gains of the Community Support Program of the AFP and the Retooled Community Support Program of the LGUs; prevent the resurgence of insurgency; insulate unaffected communities from the recovery efforts of the Communist Terrorist Group (CTG); and strengthen the anti-criminality campaign across the country.

#### 3. SITUATION:

In 2011, the PNP conceptualized the program *Pulis Nyo Po sa Barangay* as an addendum activity to LOI 22/09 Bayanihan otherwise known as Barangay Peacekeeping Operations, as amended by PNP MC No. 2015-009 'Barangayanihan' (Revitalized Barangay Peacekeeping Operations). The program entails the need to assign one policeman in every barangay to serve as conduit between the community and the PNP to pursue an effective police-community partnership in support to a sustained barangay-based anti-crime strategy.

In 2018, EO No. 70 was issued, institutionalizing the whole-of-nation approach and creating the National Task Force to End Local Communist Armed Conflict (NTF-ELCAC). Through the said executive order, the government sought to synergize various agencies and sectors to establish a synchronized approach in addressing the root causes of insurgency and armed conflict.

In 2019, Police Regional Office 11 modified and strengthened the program *Pulis Nyo Po sa Barangay* into an expanded program called *Revitalized*-Pulis sa Barangay (R-PSB) as its effort to support the NTF-ELCAC. The R-PSB program has been successful in supporting the AFP and other government agencies in defeating the CTG in Davao region leading to the collapse of 15 guerilla fronts in the said area in 2022. The R-PSB cadres remain steadfast and are now playing a major role in sustaining the gains of the government in the Geographically Isolated and Disadvantaged Areas (GIDAs) and had prevented the resurgence of insurgency in the region. To this date, no barangay in PRO 11 was recovered by the CTG as the communities were successfully insulated by the R-PSB from propaganda and recruitment activities of the enemy.

Despite this, the threats posed by the CTG nationwide remain a priority of concern of the government. Their recovery efforts and presence in the communities also demand an intensified whole-of-nation approach to counter the CTG pseudo-governments, especially those established in the GIDAs.



PLTCOL LU SITO G ANDAY JR

Page 2 of 18

In order to sustain the government's efforts, there is a need to institutionalize one of the PNP's best practices - the R-PSB, to conduct more responsive programs and activities in CTG rural operational areas.

The R-PSB shall be the facilitator of all agencies and stakeholders in bringing the needed services to the GIDAs and areas that are not easily reached by the government. With its expanding success and capability, the R-PSB may also be utilized in highly urbanized cities taking into consideration its accomplishments in the NCR by converting depressed barangays with high level of affectation on drugs and criminality into a peaceful community by generating jobs, training, programs and activities.

This program shall seek to protect the lives, properties, and territories of the Filipino people up to its future generations from the ill effects of communist insurgency and shall ensure the defeat of insurgency, in support to the AFP being the lead agency for the suppression of insurgency. The program shall also prepare the PNP to take the lead role in addressing internal security as the AFP prepares for a more important task and mission in external security to ensure the integrity of the country's sovereignty from foreign threat and incursions.

#### 4. PURPOSE:

This MC sets forth the operational guidelines and procedures to be followed by all PNP offices/units for the effective implementation of the R-PSB, anchored on EO Nos. 70 and 37, creating the NTF-ELCAC and adopting the National Security Policy 2023-2028 respectively, as well as incorporating the anti-criminality program of the PNP.

#### 5. **DEFINITION OF TERMS:**

For purposes of this MC, the following terms are hereby defined:

- a. Advocacy Support Groups refer to the group of people representing different community sectors organized to support the government's programs, activities, and projects.
- b. Area Study refers to the identification of the targeted areas, their demography, population, social strata, etc.
- c. Barangay Development Program is the hallmark program of the NTF-ELCAC with the aim of bringing development to former conflict-ridden communities through the implementation of various socioeconomic development projects for barangay beneficiaries.
- d. Barangay-based institutions (BBIs) refer to the Barangay Development Council, Barangay Anti-Drug Abuse Council, Barangay Peace and Order Committee and others BBIs created in accordance with national and local laws and other issuances.





Page 3 of 18

- e. Barangay-based Peacekeeping Institutions (BPKIs) refer to the Barangay Tanod, Lupong Tagapamayapa, Barangay Intelligence Information Network, and other BPKIs created in accordance with national and local laws and other issuances.
- f. Barangay Immersion the actual deployment of R-PSB teams in an area for six months to relate themselves with the community located in the CTG rural operational areas or GIDAs or depressed barangays with high level of affectation on drugs and criminality.
- g. Community Engagement to achieve sustainable outcomes, equitable decision-making, and deepen relationships and trust between the PNP, government organizations, and communities.
- h. Communist Terrorist Group (CTG) refers to the CPP-NPA to include the NDF and allied organizations providing personnel, financial, logistical, and political support in pursuit of terror and criminal activities. (Proclamation No. 374 declaring the CPP-NPA as a terrorist organization under RA No. 10168).
- i. CTG-Affected Barangays could either be a barangay/barrio or parts thereof where manifestation of CTG mass organizing activities in varying degrees are taking place. It can be classified into either influenced or less-influenced, and the CTG political and military structures exist at various levels of development:
  - •Influenced barangay is a barangay where the CTG has established the barrio revolutionary committee, solid mass organization and local party branch; and a regular people's militia and self-defense units exist.
  - •Less-influenced barangay: is a barangay where the CTG has established people's organizing committees and people's organizing groups for peasants, women and the youth; and the existence of party group performing task in one sector.
- j. CTG rural operational area CNT operational areas in the countryside (Note: the term may be used to refer to the CTG's red area).
- k. Deployment is defined as the determination of the trained R-PSB personnel should be where and when they should be deployed. It is the process of managing the R-PSB manpower in an attempt to provide the best possible police coverage in providing quality service for the community.
- Force Multipliers are organizations outside the government, which perform voluntary public safety services in support to existing government public safety functions and programs (PCAD Masterplan TAGATAGUYOD).





- m. Geographically Isolated and Disadvantaged Areas (GIDAs) refer to communities with marginalized populations physically and socio-economically separated from the mainstream society and characterized by: 1) Physical Factors isolated due to distance, weather conditions, and transportation difficulties (island, upland, lowland, landlocked, hard to reach and unserved/underserved communities); and 2) Socio-economic Factors (high poverty incidence, presence of vulnerable sector, communities in or recovering from situation of crisis or armed conflict).
- n. Holding Operations refer to the actual deployment of the R-PSB Teams to cleared areas to perform the objectives of the program following the PLEDS Cluster Methodology: Shape-Clear-Transform-Sustain (S-C-T-S).
- Needs Assessment Survey (NAS) determines the most important needs of the community, which serves as a guide to future actions particularly the issues and concerns to be brought by R-PSB personnel to agencies concerned.
- p. Operational Fund- refers to the fund required to support the administrative and logistical requirements of the R-PSB Teams. This may be drawn from the ISO, NTF-ELCAC, and Anti-Criminality funds.
- q. Peace, Law Enforcement and Development Support (PLEDS) Cluster Line of Efforts (LoEs) - refer to the ten lines of efforts for the PLEDS Cluster, namely: Community Support Program (CSP), Focused Military Operations (FMO), Law Enforcement Operations (LEO), Legal Offensives (LO), Intelligence Operations (IntelOps), Information Operations (IO), Cyber Space Operations, Critical Infrastructure Protection and Security Operations (CIPSO), Counter International Solidarity Works (CISW), and Counter Parliamentary and Bureaucracy Infiltration (CPBI).
- r. Priority Barangays are those barangays identified by the National Task Force to End Local Communist Armed Conflict, which are former conflict-ridden communities and recipient of various socio-economic development projects for barangay beneficiaries, or those barangays identified with high affectation of drugs and high incidents of criminality.
- s. Quick Impact Projects projects that serve as intervention programs of the R-PSB during their deployment that can be sourced out from PNP funds, LGUs, NGAs, and private stakeholders/partners.
- t. Retooled Community Support Program (RCSP) is an inclusive program of the DILG that aims to address the issues identified by the communities through the provision of government projects while ensuring sustainable development and promoting peace.



PLTCOL JUSITO C ANDAY JR JAN 2 5 2024

Page 5 of 18

- u. Revitalized-Pulis Sa Barangay (R-PSB) is originally implemented by the PNP in 2011 as PSB (Pulis Sa Barangay) under the "BAYANIHAN" or the Barangay Peacekeeping Operations (BPO), as amended. The program was revitalized by PRO 11 in 2019 to support the NTF-ELCAC and the AFP in defeating the CTG by ensuring the delivery of basic services in the GIDAs and depressed barangays in the country.
- v. R-PSB cadres- refer to PNP personnel who are deployed in the R-PSB area and are specially trained and capable in performing the missions and objectives of the R-PSB program.
- w. R-PSB Teams refer to the teams implementing the R-PSB in CTG rural operational areas and GIDAs, as well as barangays with high affectation on drugs and criminality.
- x. Stakeholders Engagement- it is the mission of the PNP to closely harmonize efforts with different stakeholders for the attainment of their support and participation in bringing needed services to the community.
- y. Summing-up refers to the weekly or monthly reporting/presentation of R-PSB Team Leaders before the DRDO/DPDO, with invited officers from the AFP, LCEs, LGUs, NGAs, NGOs, and other stakeholders, regarding their updates on issues gathered, as well as their accomplishments and performance in their immersion area based on the lines of efforts.

#### 6. GUIDELINES:

#### a. General Guidelines

- The implementation of the R-PSB shall be aligned with the Whole-of-Nation Approach, National Plan-ELCAC Strategic Framework (Annex A) and the PLEDS Cluster's lines of efforts (LoEs);
- 2) The R-PSB shall be intended primarily to end the local armed conflict posed by the CTG in its rural operational areas and/or GIDAs only. However, it may also be operationalized secondarily in depressed barangays with high level of affectation on drugs and criminality, following the anti-illegal drugs strategy and PNP Operational Strategy on Enhanced Managing Police Operations (EMPO), respectively;
- 3) The Quad concept approach shall be employed throughout the implementation of the R-PSB in order to consolidate the core competencies of the PNP consisting of Operations, Intelligence, Investigation, and Community Affairs and Development;
- 4) The R-PSB operations shall be spearheaded and implemented by territorial PNP Mobile Forces as well as the Special Action Force deployed in CTG cleared areas.



PLTCOL LUIS TO C ANDAY JR
Admin Officer

Page 6 of 18

- The R-PSB Teams shall observe existing investigative procedures on arrested CTG personalities to prevent dismissal of cases in court due to technicality;
- 6) A separate policy shall be formulated for Counter Urban Operations on CTG urban operational areas and for Preventing and Countering Violent Extremism (PCVE);
- 7) The provisions of JLD No. 3. s.2020 and its future revisions shall be used as the basis in evaluating the effectiveness of the R-PSB, specifically against the CTG;
- 8) All R-PSB operations shall be in adherence to the PNP Operational Procedures, observance of cultural and gender sensitivity, and respect for human rights and rule-of-law at all times; and
- 9) The personal security of all deployed PNP personnel shall be prioritized and given utmost importance through all phases of the R-SPB operations.

## b. Specific Guidelines:

It is important to note that the primary role of the R-PSB is to support the objectives of the NTF-ELCAC.

- The R-PSB Team shall be composed of at least ten personnel, led by a community service-oriented officer with the following specific functions:
  - a) Team Leader is the overall supervisor in charge of providing guidance and instruction on the implementation of the R-PSB as stipulated in this MC.
  - b) Assistant Team Leader assists the team leader in the implementation of the R-PSB as stipulated in this MC.
  - c) Admin/Documenter/NAS Gatherer is in charge of the conduct of NAS to the deployed area and the consolidation of NAS results to support the strategic planning and resource allocation of each activity/program.
  - d) Quick Impact Project Coordinator is responsible for the initiation, coordination, and preparation of identified quick impact projects, activities, and similar interventions as result of the NAS.
  - e) Basic Services Coordinator is in charge of the facilitation, preparation, and implementation of the programs and activities in collaboration with agencies concerned.

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PLTCOL LUISITO C ANDAY JR.
Admin Officer

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Page 7 of 18

- f) Community Affairs and People's Organizations (PO) Organizer is in charge of the orientation, organization and mobilization of sectoral groups such as women, youth, farmer, transportation, fisherfolks, peasants and other vulnerable sectors to form progovernment organizations. Likewise, he/she will be in charge of the registration and capacity development of the newlyformed POs to help them reach their potential capacity as development partners of the government.
- g) Educator/Modular Hub Instructor is in charge of providing assistance to teachers/educators working in the R-PSB areas and initiating activities relative to the promotion and protection of the citizens' rights to quality and accessible education.
- h) BPKI Trainor is the primary facilitator and organizer of activities relative to the training and capacity development of members of the Barangay Peacekeeping Institutions in the area of deployment.
- The size of the R-PSB Team composition shall be based on the level of threat of the target area. There shall be no piecemeal deployment of forces to ensure operational sufficiency and readiness against possible threats;
- 3) The Team Leaders shall be community service-oriented officers from the Line Service Units holding the rank of Police Captain (PCPT) and shall be assisted by a Police Lieutenant (PLT) as Assistant Team Leader and by Senior PNCOs preferably with the rank of PCMC or PEMS as Action PNCOs;
- 4) Deployed R-PSB personnel shall be assigned to the Mobile Forces as their mother unit. Upon completion of the R-PSB tour of duty (TOD), they shall return to their former unit. Moreover, the Police Directors, City Directors, and Force Companies of Police Mobile Forces shall have the authority to reassign/transfer subject PNP personnel within their areas of jurisdiction with due consideration of the preference of the R-PSB personnel;
- 5) The R-PSB Team and its operations shall be supervised by the Deputy Regional Director for Operations (DRDO) and Deputy Provincial Director for Operations (DPDO), while the Regional Community Affairs and Development Division (RCADD) and Provincial Community Affairs Development Unit (PCADU) shall serve as the focal office and secretariat to consolidate reports and accomplishments of the R-PSB;
- 6) In conformity with the PNP training policies and guidelines, PNP personnel assigned in the Line Service Units who have just completed their mandatory schooling such as Public Safety Officers Basic Course and Public Safety Junior Leadership Course, as well as those



PLTCOL LUSTO C ANDAY JR
Admin Officer JAN 2 5 2024

Page 8 of 18

who completed Basic Internal Security Operations Course (BISOC) shall be required to undergo R-PSB training to become pool of officers to fill in the needed Senior PNCOs as Action PNCOs and Junior PNCOs as R-PSB members;

- 7) Personnel assigned at police stations shall not be utilized for R-PSB deployment. The police stations shall primarily function to enforce the law and maintain peace and order;
- 8) For rural areas, the R-PSB shall be deployed only in CTG-cleared barangays in coordination with the Joint Peace and Security Coordinating Center (JPSCC), LGU, and Peace and Order Council;
- 9) For urban areas, the crime statistics gathered through EMPO shall serve as the basis in identifying target depressed barangays with high incidence of drug affectation and criminality;
- 10) There shall be a Strategic Communication (STRATCOM) team created at the regional level under the RCADD, composed of the RPIO and RPCADU to regularly provide updates to the public on the progress of the R-PSB in close coordination with the RTF-ELCAC STRATCOM.
- 11) Upon entry and throughout the immersion in the target area, the R-PSB Team shall be supported by a security team assigned to provide tactical support to the R-PSB personnel;
- 12) All R-PSB operations shall be guided by an Immersion Plan formulated prior to deployment in coordination with the AFP counterparts;
- 13) The RCADDs shall maintain an action plan or Gantt chart on the deployment timeline of the R-PSB to monitor and prepare the next R-PSB cadres for training and as replacement for those who will end their TOD after six months of deployment;
- 14) R-PSB cadres who have completed deployment and requested for extension or as requested by the community shall be considered after validation of their pending programs or projects in their deployment area;
- 15) Patrolman/woman who have been deployed as R-PSB personnel right after their BISOC shall be assigned to City/Provincial Mobile Force Company (C/PMFC) immediately after their TOD;
- 16) Personnel may be redeployed as R-PSB personnel after their mandatory schooling, provided, that they shall be considered for redeployment only if there will be no more personnel available for deployment and/or replacement for those who will end their TOD. A



PLTCOL LUISIT & C ANDAY JR
Admin Officer

Page 9 of 18

linear list for redeployment shall be determined and prepared by RPRMD;

- 17) Upon completion of the 6-month deployment, the DRDOs/DPDOs may study the extension of the R-PSB Team and the expansion of their AOR by clustering and annexing barangays. This shall be based on the result of summing ups, assessments and field visitations that the deployed barangay is now under control and influence of the R-PSB team deployed in the area;
- 18) The DPCR shall create a validation team composed of the Quad Staff and APCs to conduct periodic evaluations and assessments of the R-PSB implementation. At the lower level, there shall likewise be a summing-up to be conducted monthly by the DRDO/DPDO, with the RCADD as focal office/secretariat; and
- 19) The National Internal Security Operational (ISO) Validation Committee Secretariat shall be furnished with the R-PSB Accomplishments.

#### 7. PROCEDURES

## a. R-PSB Operational Cycle

The R-PSB shall follow an Operational Cycle as the planning guide in the implementation of this program, complementing the PLEDS Operational Methodology of the NTF-ELCAC (Annex B), which covers CTG rural operational areas and GIDAs:

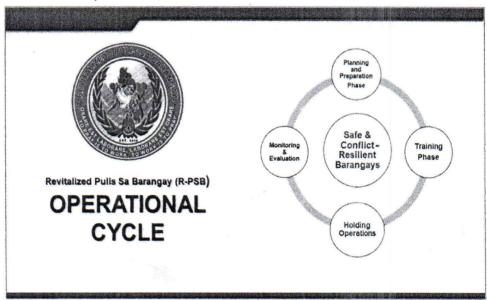


Diagram 1: R-PSB Operational Cycle

The Operational Cycle starts with the **PLANNING and PREPARATION PHASE**, which involves the identification of cleared and priority barangays with Barangay Development Program (BDP) fundings to be



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Page 10 of 18

deployed with R-PSB cadres in collaboration with the JPSCC and the Peace and Order Council (POC). Likewise, barangays without BDP may also be deployed with R-PSB in agreement and/or in conformity with the JPSCC and POC with the support of the AFP.

Second Operational Cycle is the **TRAINING PHASE**. The training aims to transform the R-PSB personnel into skilled cadres to win the hearts and minds of the community and counter the propaganda of the enemy.

The Program of Instructions (POI) has ten modules that can be completed in 15 days. These modules include Course Overview and General Subject, Introduction to Police Intelligence, Knowing the Enemy, Community Organization and Mobilization, Orientation from NTF-ELCAC Cluster Agencies, Lessons Learned and Best Practices of R-PSB, Information Operations, Community Engagement and Empowerment, Basic Life Support Training, and Results-Based Management.

Module 5 of the training is the most important phase as LGUs and different National Government Agencies such as from the Department of Labor and Employment, Department of Agriculture, Department of Agrarian Reform, Department of Social Welfare and Development, Department of Education, Technical Education and Skills Development Authority, Land Transportation Office, Philippine Health Insurance Corporation, Philippine Statistics Authority, National Commission on Indigenous Peoples, Department of Justice, Office of the Presidential Adviser on the Peace Process and others are invited to give lectures relative to the services of their respective agencies.

Third Operational Cycle is the **HOLDING OPERATIONS**. R-PSB Teams are deployed in the CTG-cleared areas in collaboration with the JPSCC and POC as declared by the Joint AFP-PNP Intelligence Committee and Area Clearing Validation Board. In this cycle, the overlapping **SHAPE-CLEAR-TRANSFORM-SUSTAIN (S-C-T-S)** Operational Methodology will be applied throughout the holding operations.

The fourth Operational Cycle is the **MONITORING AND EVALUATION**. This involves monitoring of the progress of the R-PSB by weekly and/or monthly summing-up activities to evaluate the performance of the R-PSB teams. The Team Leaders shall conduct report on the status of their programs as well as the issues of their respective barangays where they are immersed.

Likewise, the heads of the LGUs or their representatives, AFP, as well as NGAs, NGOs and other stakeholders are invited to join the summing-up activities to give advice, recommendations, and solutions on the presented issues by the R-PSB. With this, the whole-of-nation approach in addressing issues in the GIDAs will work effectively.



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PLTCOL LUIS O C ANDAY JR

Admin Officer

Page 11 of 18

# b. PLEDS Cluster Methodology for Holding Operations

The implementation of the R-PSB HOLDING OPERATIONS in CTG rural operational areas, GIDAs, as well as in depressed barangays shall be anchored on the PLEDS Cluster Methodology, S-C-T-S:

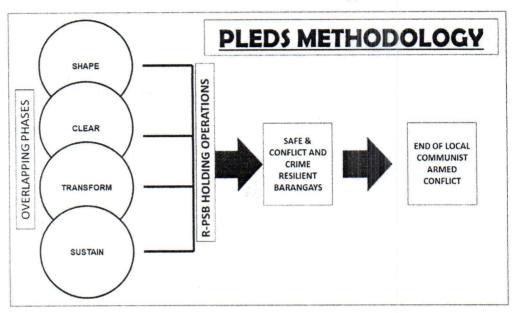


Diagram 2: R-PSB Holding Operations Methodology

## 1) Phase I - Shape

This phase aims to inform and educate the general public regarding the insidious nature of the CTG, its impact on the Filipino nation in the last five decades, and what it intends to accomplish. This phase is also designed to influence the key leadership of the different government agencies and civil society organizations to take an active part in the fight against the CTG.

The R-PSB effort for this phase involves counterorganization operations, with the following progress indicators:

- a. Disabling of Propaganda Apparatus;
- b. Prevention and Disruption of CTG Recruitment; and
- c. Organization and Creation of Pro-Government People's Organizations/Associations, and Anti-Criminality and Advocacy Groups.

#### 2) Phase II - Clear

In this phase, the R-PSB Team ensures the decisive defeat of the insurgent armed groups and the neutralization of the insurgents' politico-military infrastructures in the CTG rural operational areas.





The R-PSB effort for this phase involves law enforcement operations, with the following progress indicators:

- a) Strong Presence of Government Law Enforcement Agencies and Security Forces;
- b) Controlled Flow of Weapon and Dual-Used Chemicals and Materiel and Control Flow of Drugs; and
- c) Neutralization/ Arrest/ Surrender of CTG Political Officers, Lawless groups and individuals.

## 3) Phase III - Transform

This phase aims to preserve the gains of the clearing phase through the establishment and strengthening of the local defense system to secure cleared areas from the re-entry or incursions of armed groups; and collaborative participation of the military, the police, the civilian, government agencies and instrumentalities, and the people themselves to strengthen and consolidate government control and authority in cleared areas.

The R-PSB effort for this phase involves community engagement, with the following progress indicators:

- a) Strengthening of Barangay-Based Institutions;
- b) Enabling of Barangay Peacekeeping Institutions; and
- c) Capacitating the Organized POs and/or Associations.

### 4) Phase IV - Sustain

This phase calls for the implementation of the government's socio-economic, psychological, and political reforms which include the sustained delivery of basic human development services for the people to address the root causes of insurgency and the development of strong institutions.

The R-PSB effort for this phase involves inter-agency support operations, with the following progress indicators:

- a) Delivery of Basic Essential Services;
- b) Reinforcement of government service accessibility;
- c) Facilitation of the Improvement of Access Roads/Main Roads; and
- d) Support to Barangay Development Programs.





#### 8. RESPONSIBILITIES:

#### a. APCs

- Supervise the PROs under their AOR in the implementation of this MC in all phases;
- Include in the conduct of the Operations Review and Performance Audit the accomplishments of the R-PSB in their respective AOR;
- Oversee, collate, and monitor the accomplishments of R-PSB Teams under their AOR; and
- 4) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### b. DPCR

- 1) OPR in the implementation of this MC;
- Closely monitor the implementation of this MC;
- Collate and devise a rating system for the accomplishments of the R-PSB in every PROs;
- 4) Conduct validation and summing-up at the national level relative to accomplishments and issues gathered by R-PSB;
- 5) Serve as the OPR in the conduct of relevant training for R-PSB Teams;
- Submit the proposed Standard Training Package (STP) for R-PSB and request for the training certification to DHRDD;
- Create an R-PSB Training Team with demonstrable experience of the R-PSB program who shall be in charge in the capacitation of R-PSB personnel; and
- 8) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### c. DO

- Co-OPR in the implementation of this MC;
- 2) Provide necessary operational support to PROs in the implementation of the R-PSB;
- Closely coordinate with the AFP in the conduct of R-PSB;
- 4) Repository of the overall accomplishments of R-PSB; and
- 5) Perform other tasks as directed.



PLTCOL LUISITO C ANDAY JR
Admin Officer

Page 14 of 18

#### d. DI

- 1) Conduct intelligence fusions with the tasked offices/units for the effective implementation of this MC;
- Provide periodic intelligence data on CTG in support of the R-PSB operations, such as data on CTG-affected areas, CNT concentration areas, list of personalities connected with the CTG, and other related data; and
- 3) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### e. DIDM

- 1) Provide guidelines to assist in manhunt operations against identified CTG personalities with warrants of arrest;
- Provide training for the R-PSB on the legal offensive against the CTG personalities in coordination with NTF-ELCAC Legal Cooperation Cluster; and
- 3) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### f. DHRDD

- Ensure that all trainings for the R-PSB teams are conducted in line with the existing PNP training policies and guidelines; and
- 2) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### q. DPL

- Ensure the inclusion of the R-PSB in the Annual Operations Plans and Budget Estimate; and
- 2) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### h. DL

- 1) Provide the necessary logistical support to the PNP offices/units in the conduct of the R-PSB; and
- Perform other tasks as directed.

#### i. DC

- Provide additional fund support for the implementation of this MC; and
- Perform other tasks as directed.

#### Other D-Staff

- Provide necessary assistance and support to the Quad Staff in the operationalization of this MC; and
- 2) Perform other tasks as directed.

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Page 15 of 18

PLTCOL LUISITO C ANDAY JR
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#### k. HRAO

- 1) Ensure strict adherence to the tasked units concerning Human Rights; and
- 2) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### I PNPTS

- Review and evaluate the proposed STP to be submitted by DPCR;
- 2) Facilitate the request for training accreditation and certification based on the standards; and
- 3) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### m. PCADG

- Closely coordinate with concerned PROs in mobilizing the Advocacy Support Groups and Force Multipliers and in the conduct of public affairs for the effective implementation in support of the immersed R-PSB teams;
- 2) Provide StratCom support to the PROs through RCADDs; and
- 3) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### n. LS

- 1) Provide necessary legal assistance to all personnel involved in the conduct of R-PSB; and
- Perform other tasks as directed.

#### o. ACG

- 1) Assist in the cyber-operations during the conduct of R-PSB; and
- Perform other tasks as directed.

#### p. CIDG

- 4) Ensure timely filing of airtight cases against CTG acts and atrocities;
- Monitor and evaluate cases filed against CTG personalities;
- Ensure conduct of an effective manhunt operation against CTG personalities issued with warrants; and
- Perform other tasks as directed.

#### a. SAF

 Provide tactical support to the deployed R-PSB Teams of PNP Mobile Forces; and





- Train and deploy SAF R-PSB teams in support to regular SAF companies; and
- 3) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### r. Other NSUs

- Provide necessary assistance and support to the PNP Quad Staff in the operationalization of this MC; and
- 2) Perform other tasks as directed.

#### s. PROs

- Ensure the organization and deployment of R-PSB Teams at respective areas of jurisdiction;
- Ensure that all R-PSB personnel have undergone proper training prior to deployment;
- 3) Organize and operationalize the Regional ISO Validation Committee;
- Monitor the deployment of the R-PSB Teams;
- 5) Conduct a weekly or monthly summing-up to be presided by the DRDO/DPDO to review the accomplishments and status of the deployed R-PSB teams;
- 6) Conduct intelligence fusions for the effective implementation of this MC:
- Ensure that members of the R-PSB Teams are prioritized in the Granting of the Combat Incentive Pay and Combat Duty Pay;
- 8) Ensure that the MOOE based on the per capita cost of the deployed personnel shall be released monthly as their operational fund for the entire duration of their deployment;
- Closely coordinate with the AFP through RJPSC conferences and/or meetings for the provision of security during the deployment of the R-PSB Teams;
- Direct the RMFB and C/PMFC to formulate an Immersion Plan for the R-PSB and furnish a copy to the PNP Quad Staff;
- 11) Conduct stakeholder engagements at the regional level in support of the immersed R-PSB teams; and
- 12) Perform other tasks as directed.





#### 9 PENALTY CLAUSE:

Any violation of this MC shall be investigated and, if warranted by the evidence, appropriate criminal, civil, and administrative charges shall be filed against those who may be responsible thereof.

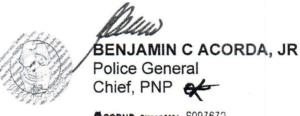
#### 10. REPEALING CLAUSE:

The PNP MC No. 2022-006, "PNP Retooled Community Support Program (PNP-RCSP)" and all other issuances, memoranda and regulations that are inconsistent with this MC are accordingly rescinded.

#### 11. EFFECTIVITY:

This MC shall take effect after 15 days from the filing of a copy thereof at the UP Law Center in consonance with Sections 3 and 4 of Chapter 2, Book VII of Executive Order Number 292, otherwise known as the "Revised Administrative Code of 1987," as amended.

This MC shall be regularly reviewed and subjected to appropriate revisions, as needed, based on the developments in scenarios/situations to enhance the effectivity of all provisions therein.



OCPNP Signed 2024 S097672 \*S097672\*

Annexes:

Annex A: National Plan-ELCAC Strategic Framework Annex B: PLEDS Operational Methodology of the NTF-ELCAC

Distribution:

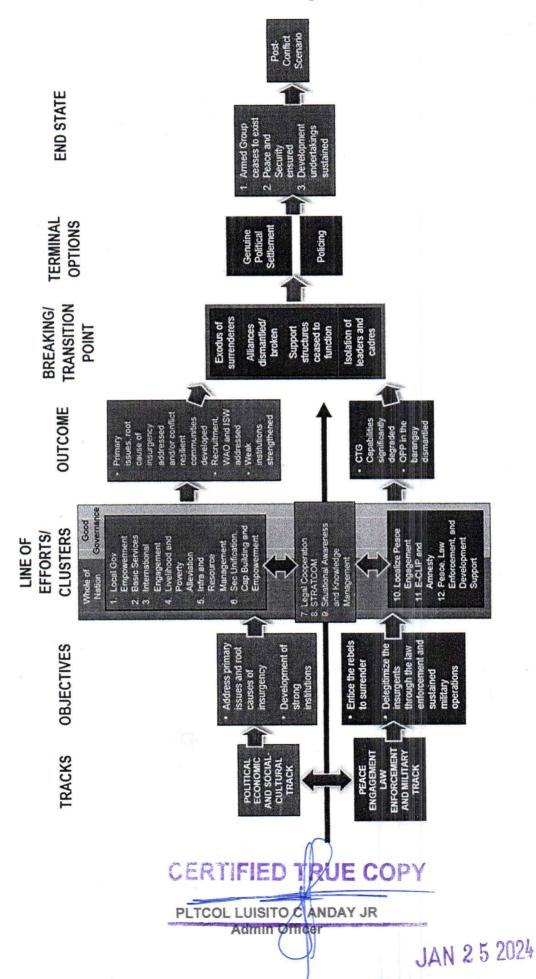
Command Group IG. IAS Cmdr. APCs D-Staff P-Staff D. NSUs RD. PROs SPA to the SILG

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Admin Officer

# **ANNEX "A"**

# National Plan-ELCAC Strategic Framework



#### ANNEX "B"

# PLEDS Operational Methodology of the NTF-ELCAC

